

# Linear Optical Incremental Encoder Modules

## Technical Data

### Features

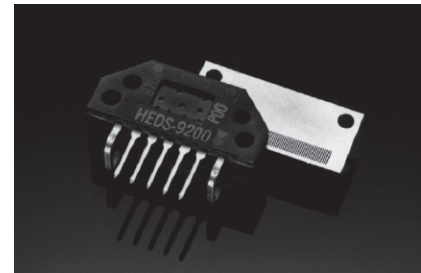
- High Performance
- High Resolution
- Low Cost
- Easy to Mount
- No Signal Adjustment Required
- Insensitive to Mechanical Disturbances
- Small Size
- -40°C to 100°C Operating Temperature
- Two Channel Quadrature Output
- TTL Compatible
- Single 5 V Supply

### Description

The HEDS-9200 series is a high performance, low cost, optical incremental encoder module. When operated in conjunction with a codestrip, this module detects linear position. The module consists of a lensed LED light source and a detector IC enclosed in a small C-shaped plastic package. Due to a highly collimated light source and a unique photodetector array, the module is extremely tolerant to mounting misalignment.

The two channel digital outputs and the single 5 V supply input

### HEDS-9200 Series

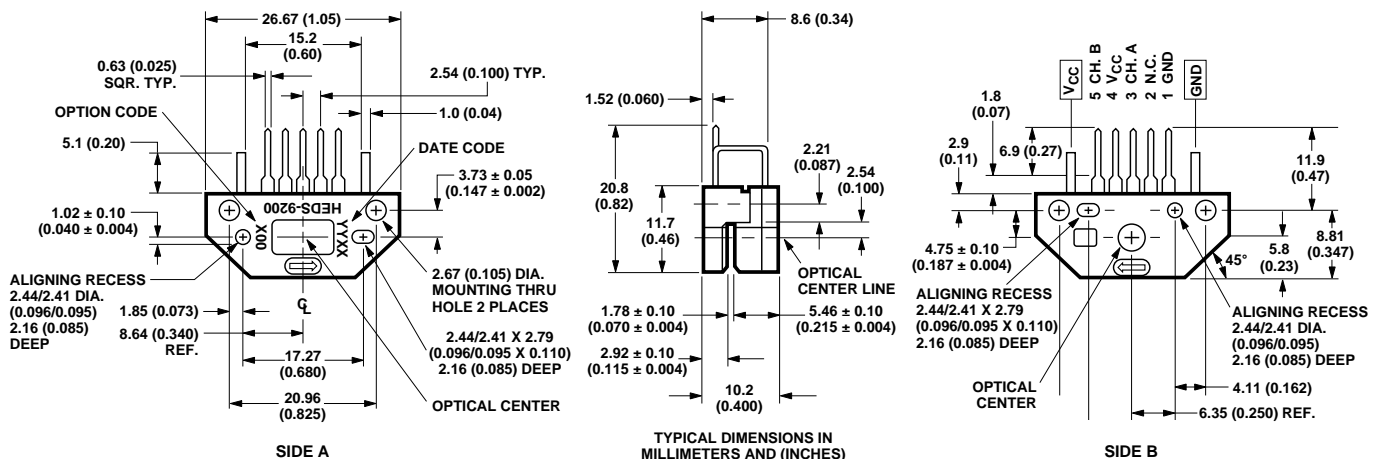


**Note: Codestrip not included with HEDS-9200**

are accessed through four 0.025 inch square pins located on 0.1 inch centers.

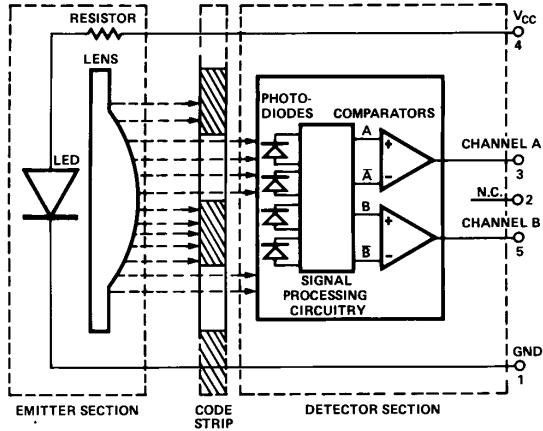
Five standard resolutions between 4.72 counts per mm (120 counts

### Package Dimensions

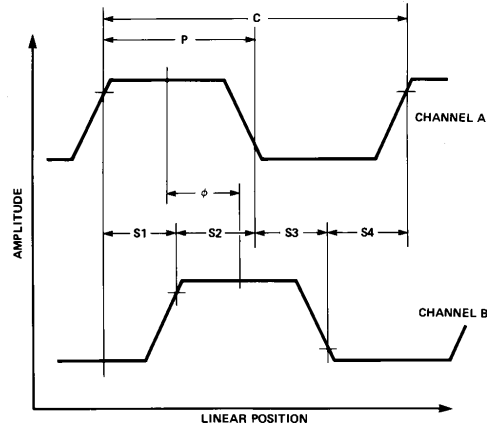


**ESD WARNING: NORMAL HANDLING PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE TAKEN TO AVOID STATIC DISCHARGE.**

## Block Diagram



## Output Waveforms



per inch) and 7.87 counts per mm (200 counts per inch) are available. Consult local Agilent sales representatives for other resolutions ranging from 1.5 to 7.87 counts per mm (40 to 200 counts per inch).

### Applications

The HEDS-9200 provides sophisticated motion detection at a low cost, making it ideal for high volume applications. Typical applications include printers, plotters, tape drives, and factory automation equipment.

### Theory of Operation

The HEDS-9200 is a C-shaped emitter/detector module. Coupled with a codestrip it translates linear motion into a two-channel digital output.

As seen in the block diagram, the module contains a single Light Emitting Diode (LED) as its light source. The light is collimated into a parallel beam by means of a single polycarbonate lens located directly over the LED. Opposite

the emitter is the integrated detector circuit. This IC consists of multiple sets of photodetectors and the signal processing circuitry necessary to produce the digital waveforms.

The codestrip moves between the emitter and detector, causing the light beam to be interrupted by the pattern of spaces and bars on the codestrip. The photodiodes which detect these interruptions are arranged in a pattern that corresponds to the count density of the codestrip. These detectors are also spaced such that a light period on one pair of detectors corresponds to a dark period on the adjacent pair of detectors. The photodiode outputs are then fed through the signal processing circuitry resulting in  $A$ ,  $\bar{A}$ ,  $B$  and  $\bar{B}$ . Two comparators receive these signals and produce the final outputs for channels A and B. Due to this integrated phasing technique, the digital output of channel A is in quadrature with that of channel B (90 degrees out of phase).

### Definitions

**Count density (D):** The number of bar and window pairs per unit length of the codestrip.

**Pitch:**  $1/D$ , The unit length per count.

**Electrical degree ( $^{\circ}e$ ):** Pitch/360, The dimension of one bar and window pair divided by 360.

**1 cycle (C):** 360 electrical degrees, 1 bar and window pair.

**Pulse Width (P):** The number of electrical degrees that an output is high during 1 cycle. This value is nominally  $180^{\circ}e$  or  $1/2$  cycle.

**Pulse Width Error ( $\Delta P$ ):** The deviation, in electrical degrees, of the pulse width from its ideal value of  $180^{\circ}e$ .

**State Width (S):** The number of electrical degrees between a transition in the output of channel A and the neighboring transition in the output of channel B. There are 4 states per cycle, each nominally  $90^{\circ}e$ .

**State Width Error ( $\Delta S$ ):** The deviation, in electrical degrees, of each state width from its ideal value of 90°e.

A and the center of the high state of channel B. This value is nominally 90°e for quadrature output.

**Direction of Movement:** When the codestrip moves, relative to the module, in the direction of the arrow on top of the module, channel A will lead channel B. If the codestrip moves in the opposite direction, channel B will lead channel A.

**Phase ( $\phi$ ):** The number of electrical degrees between the center of the high state of channel

**Phase Error ( $\Delta\phi$ ):** The deviation of the phase from its ideal value of 90°e.

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes
Storage Temperature	$T_S$	-40		100	°C	
Operating Temperature	$T_A$	-40		100	°C	
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	-0.5		7	Volts	
Output Voltage	$V_O$	-0.6		$V_{CC}$	Volts	
Output Current per Channel	$I_O$	-10		5	mA	

### Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes
Temperature	T	-40		100	°C	
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	4.5		5.5	Volts	Ripple < 100 mVp-p
Load Capacitance	$C_L$			100	pF	3.2 K $\Omega$ Pull-Up Resistor
Count Frequency	f			100	kHz	Velocity $\left(\frac{\text{inch}}{\text{sec}} \times \frac{\text{Counts}}{\text{inch}}\right)$

**Note:** The module performance is guaranteed to 100 kHz but can operate at higher frequencies.

### Encoding Characteristics

Encoding Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Range and Recommended Mounting Tolerances. These Characteristics Do Not Include Codestrip Defects.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes
Pulse Width Error	$\Delta P$		7	35	elec. deg.	
Logic State Width Error	$\Delta S$		5	35	elec. deg.	
Phase Error	$\Delta\phi$		2	13	elec. deg.	

### Electrical Characteristics

Electrical Characteristics Over Recommended Operating Range, Typical at 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Notes
Supply Current	$I_{CC}$		17	40	mA	
High Level Output Voltage	$V_{OH}$	2.4			Volts	$I_{OH} = -40 \mu\text{A Max.}$
Low Level Output Voltage	$V_{OL}$			0.4	Volts	$I_{OL} = 3.2 \text{ mA}$
Rise Time	$t_r$		200		ns	$C_L = 25 \text{ pF}$ $R_L = 11 \text{ K}\Omega \text{ Pull-Up}$
Fall Time	$t_f$		50		ns	

**Note:**

- For improved performance in noisy environments or high speed applications, a 3.3 k $\Omega$  pull-up resistor is recommended.

## Recommended Codestrip Characteristics

Codestrip design must take into consideration mounting as referenced to either side A or side B (see Figure 4).

### Mounting as Referenced to Side A

### Mounting as Referenced to Side B

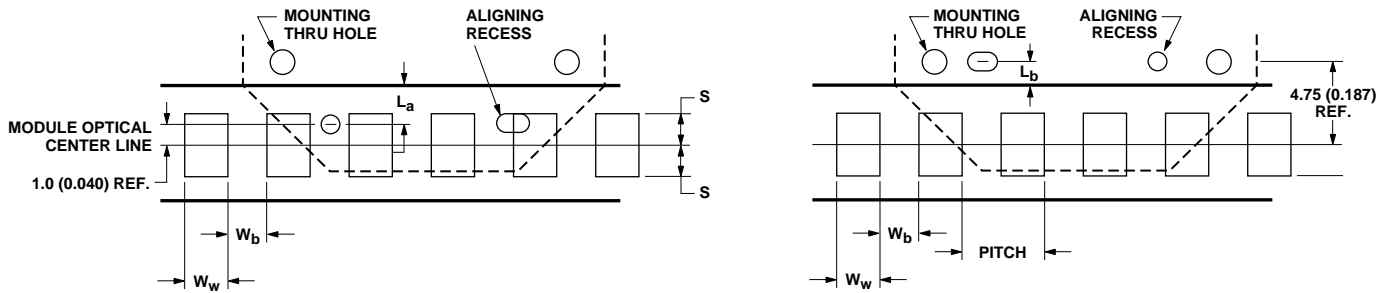


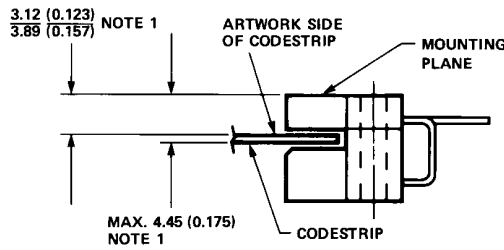
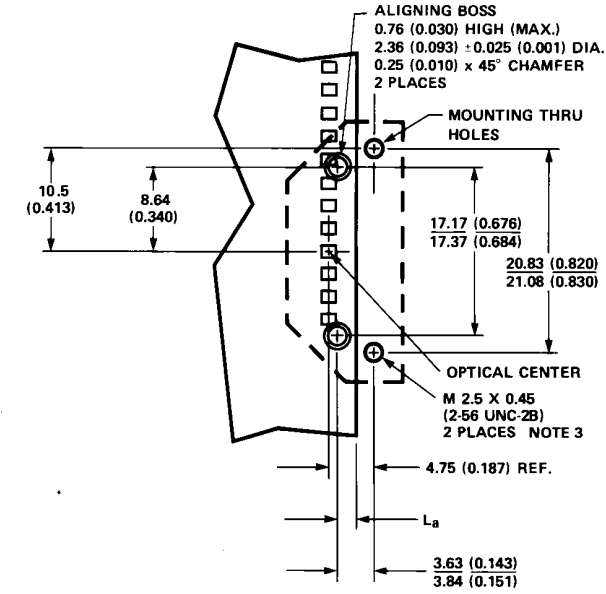
Figure 1. Codestrip Design.

**STATIC CHARGE WARNING: LARGE STATIC CHARGE ON CODESTRIP MAY HARM MODULE. PREVENT ACCUMULATION OF CHARGE.**

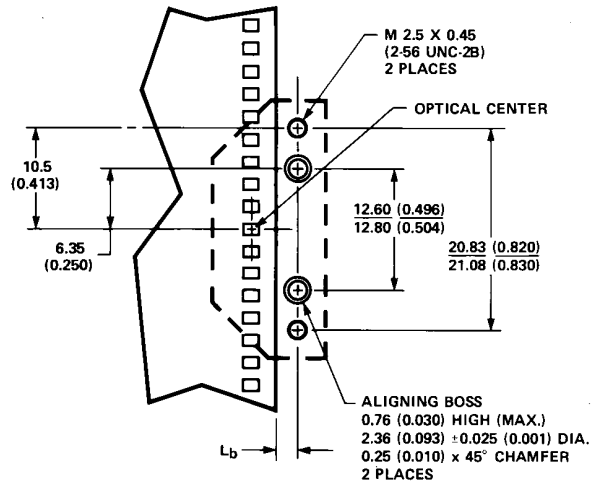
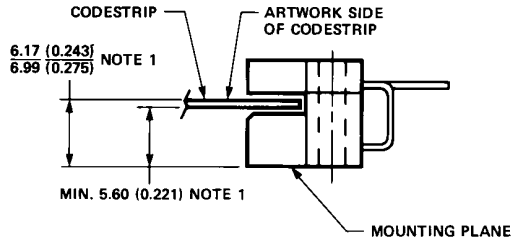
Parameter	Symbol	Mounting Ref. Side A	Mounting Ref. Side B	Units
Window/Bar Ratio	$W_w/W_b$	0.7 min., 1.4 max.	0.7 min., 1.4 max.	
Mounting Distance	L	$L_a \leq 0.51$ (0.020)	$L_b \geq 3.23$ (0.127)	mm (inch)
Window Edge to Module Opt Center Line	S	0.90 (0.035) min.	0.90 (0.035) min.	mm (inch)
Parallelism Module to Codestrip	$\alpha$	1.3 max.	1.3 max.	deg.

**Note:** All parameters and equations must be satisfied over the full length of codestrip travel including maximum codestrip runout.

## Mounting Considerations



**MOUNTING PLANE SIDE A**



**MOUNTING PLANE SIDE B**

**Notes:**

1. These dimensions include codestrip warp.
2. Reference definitions of  $L_a$  and  $L_b$  on page 4.
3. Maximum recommended mounting screw torque is 4 kg-cm (3.5 in-lbs).

## Connectors

Manufacturer	Part Number	Mounting Surface
AMP	103686-4	Both
	640442-5	Side B
DuPont	65039-032 with 4825X-000 Term.	Both
Agilent	HEDS-8902 with 4-wire Leads	Side B
Molex	2695 Series with 2759 Series Term.	Side B

Note: The connectors above do not lock.

## Ordering Information

HEDS-9200 Option

Resolution Counts per mm (inch)	Pitch mm (inch) per count
Q00 - 7.09 (180)	10.141 (0.0056)
300 - 11.81 (300)*	0.085 (0.0033)*
360 - 14.17 (360)*	0.071 (0.0028)*

Consult local Agilent sales representatives for other resolutions.

\*Please refer to separate HEDS-9000/9100/9200 Extended Resolution Series data sheet for detailed information.

*[www.semiconductor.agilent.com](http://www.semiconductor.agilent.com)*

Data subject to change.  
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